



Monitoring of Urban Changes with Sentinel 1 and 2 Data in Mariupol, Ukraine, in 2022/23

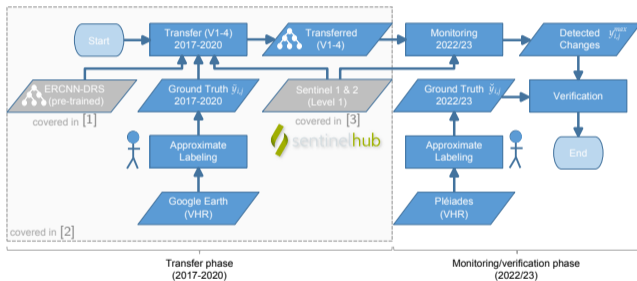
Georg Zitzlsberger [▶ georg@zitzlsberger.com](mailto:georg@zitzlsberger.com)

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Objectives



- ▶ Multi-modal Sentinel 1 and Sentinel 2 observations to be used together (both level 1) for high temporal resolution
- ▶ Demonstration of the combination of recent works for monitoring urban changes in Mariupol, Ukraine:

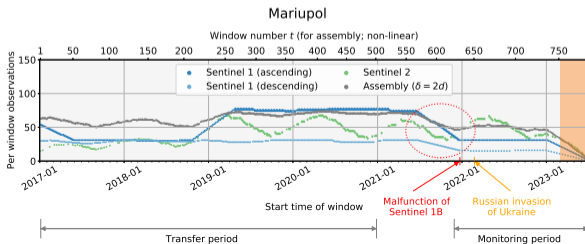
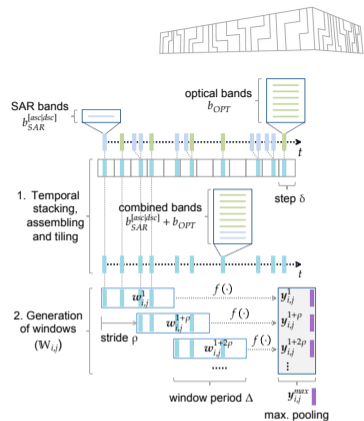


All covered in [4]

- ▶ Analysis of how the malfunction of Sentinel 1B (23 December 2021) influences the monitoring performance
- ▶ Showcasing the methods for a disaster event (Russo-Ukrainian war)

Data Processing

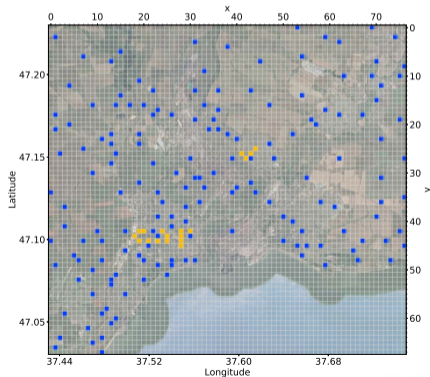
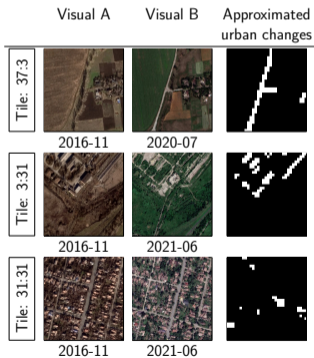
- ▶ The *rsdtlib* [3] tool was used to...
 - ▶ retrieve Sentinel 1 and Sentinel 2 data from *SentinelHub*
 - ▶ process data to windowed time series (with stacking, assembling, and tiling)
- ▶ Two periods were considered:
 - ▶ Transfer period (2017-2020) for transfer learning to the region of Mariupol, Ukraine
 - ▶ Monitoring period (November 2021 and later)



Transfer



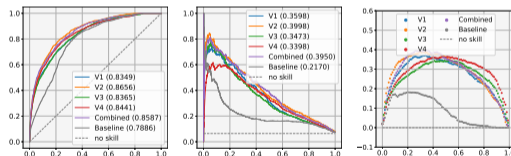
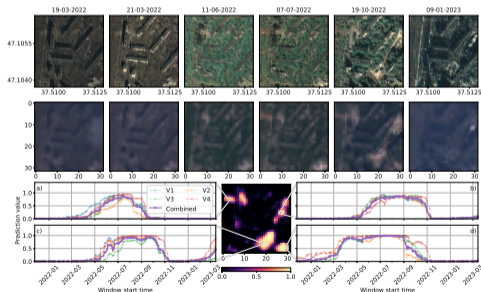
- ▶ Selection of 164 tiles (training + validation) and label with a change map for 2017-2020
- ▶ Balanced representation of changes: favor diverse changes of smaller extent
- ▶ Labeling was accomplished with freely available Google Earth™ historic imagery
- ▶ Applied transfer learning on pre-trained model from [1] (multiple times)



Monitoring



- ▶ Applied the transferred model(s) to the present (November 2021 and following)
- ▶ Airbus Pléiades has been used for validation since recent Google Earth imagery was not available at the time of the project
- ▶ With an uncertainty of half a year, the changes are localizable over time
- ▶ The malfunction of Sentinel 1B did not overly impact our method

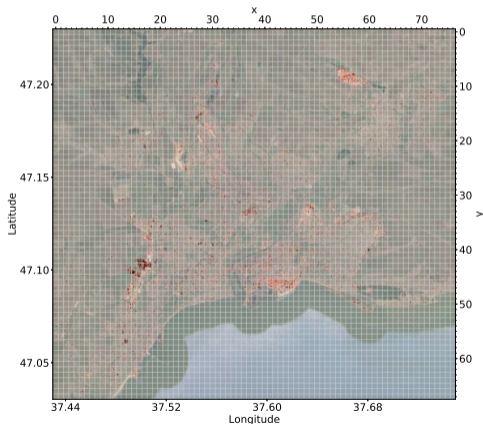


ROC (left) and PR (middle) curves; Cohen's Kappa is shown for different thresholds (right). Area under the ROC/PR curves are in parenthesis.

Example



The monitoring applied to the time frame November 2021 to mid 2023 is shown below. Changes are highlighted in red (superimposed over a static image from 2019 for reference) and are a maximum over every window's inference.



References



- [1] Georg Zitzlsberger, Michal Podhorányi, Václav Svato, et al. “Neural Network-Based Urban Change Monitoring with Deep-Temporal Multispectral and SAR Remote Sensing Data”. In: *Remote Sensing* 13.15 (2021). ISSN: 2072-4292. DOI: 10.3390/rs13153000. URL: <https://www.mdpi.com/2072-4292/13/15/3000>.
- [2] Georg Zitzlsberger, Michal Podhoranyi, and Jan Martinovic. “A Practically Feasible Transfer Learning Method for Deep-Temporal Urban Change Monitoring”. In: *International Journal of Remote Sensing* (2023). DOI: 10.1080/01431161.2023.2243021.
- [3] Georg Zitzlsberger, Michal Podhoranyi, and Jan Martinovi. “rsdtlib: Remote sensing with deep-temporal data library”. In: *SoftwareX* 22 (2023), p. 101369. ISSN: 2352-7110. DOI: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.softx.2023.101369>. URL: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S2352711023000651>.
- [4] Georg Zitzlsberger and Michal Podhoranyi. “Monitoring of Urban Changes With Multimodal Sentinel 1 and 2 Data in Mariupol, Ukraine, in 2022/23”. In: *IEEE Journal of Selected Topics in Applied Earth Observations and Remote Sensing* 17 (2024), pp. 5245–5265. DOI: 10.1109/JSTARS.2024.3362688.

The project is hosted on . See for the trained models, data, videos, etc.

Acknowledgments

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IT4Innovations National Supercomputing Center

VŠB – Technical University of Ostrava
Studentská 6231/1B
708 00 Ostrava-Poruba, Czech Republic
www.it4i.cz



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