

Global climate risk data analytics

# Using SBAS to constrain ground deformation and shrink-swell across the UK

### **Project Objectives**

Constrain ground deformation across the UK

02 Evaluate the relationship between ground deformation and the distribution of clay rich soils

**03** 

Use the ground deformation rates alongside a number of time-invariant variables to create a map of susceptibility to ground deformation

04

05

Using annual variations in ground displacement alongside climate variables to train a statistical model

Assess drivers of ground displacement across the UK

#### CLIMATE X

## **Processing Chain**

- 1. Use the Geohazards Thematic Exploitation Platform (TEP) to produce multi-annual measurements of ground deformation using the Small BAseline Subset (SBAS) algorithm
- 2. Coverage of the UK for 2017-2019.
- 3. Train a statistical machine learning model to predict future changes in ground deformation.



TEP SBAS routine

ML model

Future ground deformation

Not for further distribution

## Result: deformation through time and space

Not for further distribution









# Prediction of future ground deformation 2020





# Prediction of future ground deformation 2080



Not for further distribution



#### CLIMATE X

# Conclusions

- UK-wide satellite-derived ground displacement measurements achieved through use of the Geohazards TEP platform
- 2. Direct input to modelling efforts to build resilience to future changes in subsidence risk across the UK.