Sentinel-1 for High-Resolution monitoring of vegetation Dynamics Mariette Vreugdenhil TU Wien

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· eesa

Objectives



Develop and use a novel high-resolution global vegetation optical depth dataset based on ESA's Sentinel-1 satellite to improve our understanding of the local impacts of water availability on vegetation using novel machine learning approaches.

- 1. establish quantitative relationships between Sentinel-1 backscatter and ratios thereof and MetOp ASCAT VOD.
- 2. develop a high-resolution 1 km VOD product sensitive to changes in water content of the above ground biomass.
- 3. evaluate using different ESA and non-ESA EO datasets, among which are CGLS LAI and ESA's Earth Explorer SMOS VOD.
- 4. quantify the effect of water availability on vegetation dynamics for different land cover types at the local scale.

Objectives



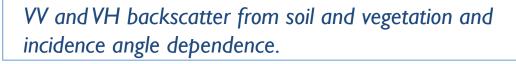
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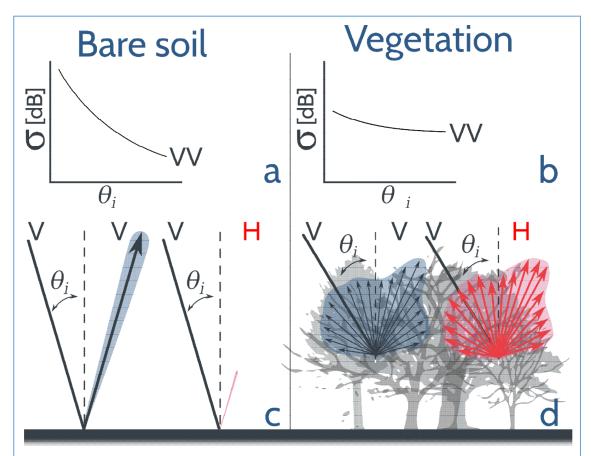
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VOD from cross-polarized backscatter

VOD from Metop ASCAT

- Based on relation between incidence angle and backscatter:
 - Change in slope and curvature when vegetation changes due to the character of volume scattering
- Cross Ratio ratio between VH and VV backscatter
- Based on sensitivity of VH to volume scattering:
 - VH backscatter increases stronger with volume scattering than co-polarized backscatter.





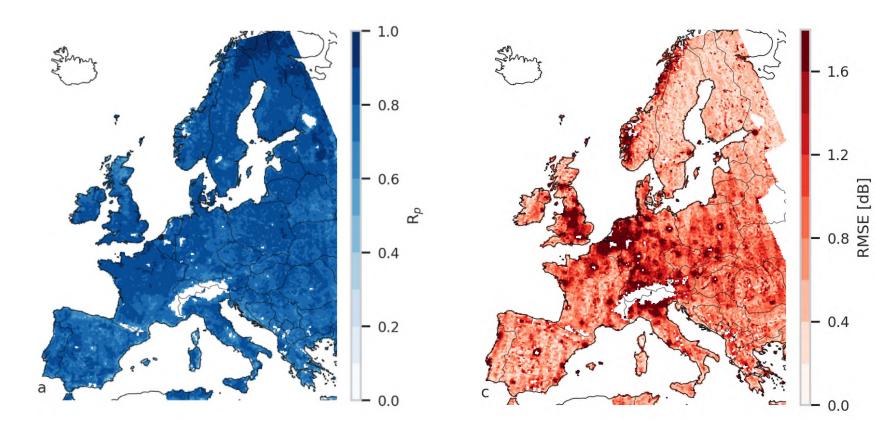


Synergies VV backscatter



Temporal dynamics and RMSE between VV backscatter from

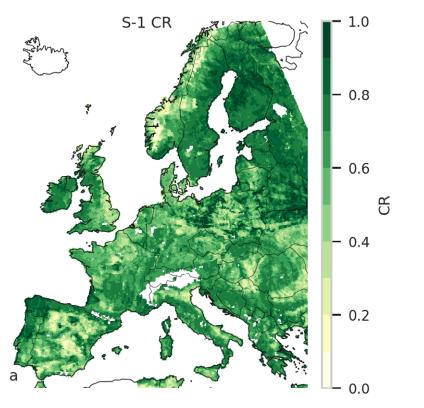
- Sentinel-1 (resampled to 12.5km)
- Metop ASCAT (12.5km sampling)

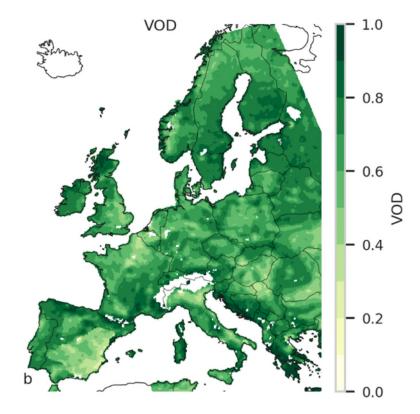




Mean (scaled)

- Sentinel-1 (resampled to 12.5km)
- Metop ASCAT (12.5km sampling)

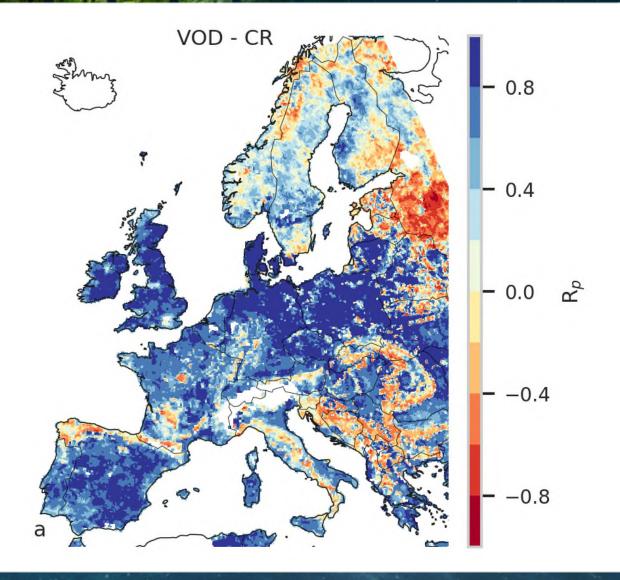






Temporal dynamics between S-1 CR and ASCAT VOD:

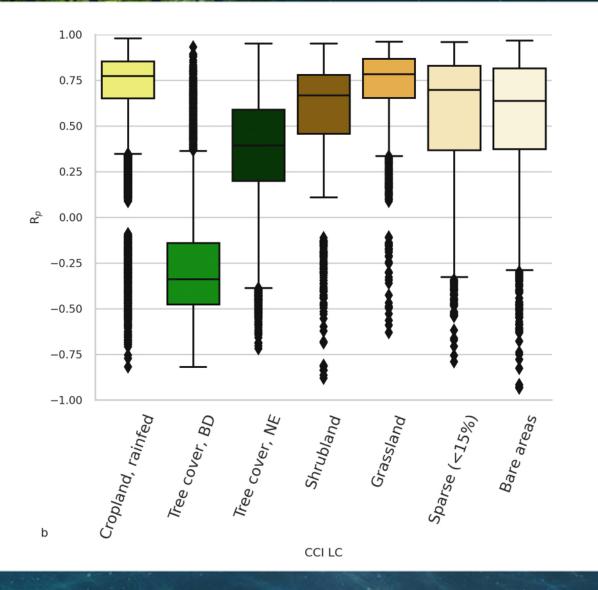
- High correspondence croplands and grasslands
- Negative correlation forests





Temporal dynamics between S-1 CR and ASCAT VOD:

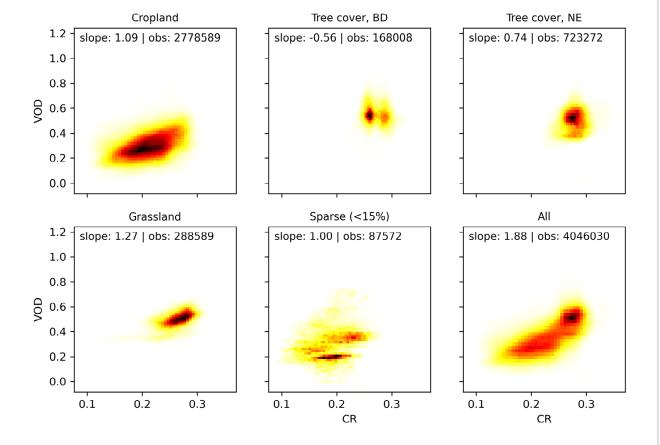
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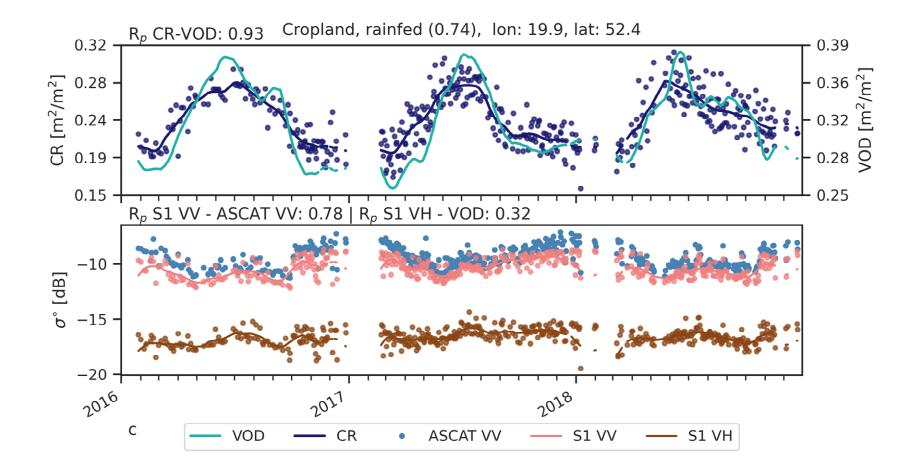
Temporal dynamics between S-1 CR and ASCAT VOD:

Not linear when merging all land cover types



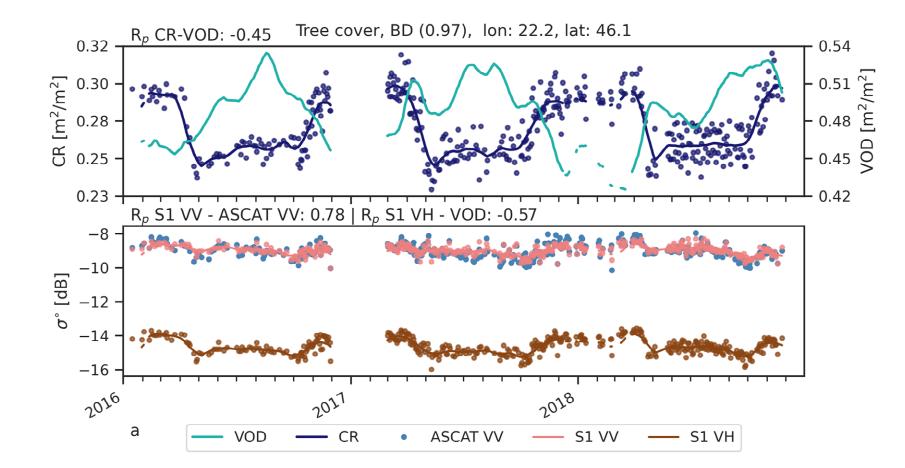
Temporal dynamics - cropland





Temporal dynamics – forest BD



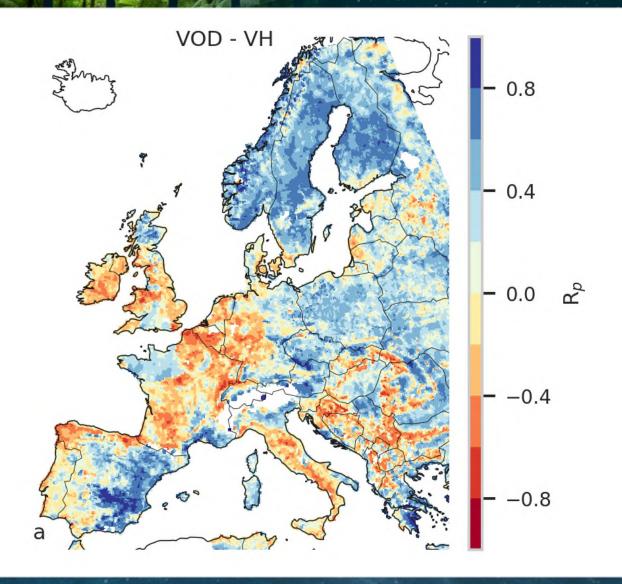


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Temporal dynamics between S-1 VH and ASCAT VOD:

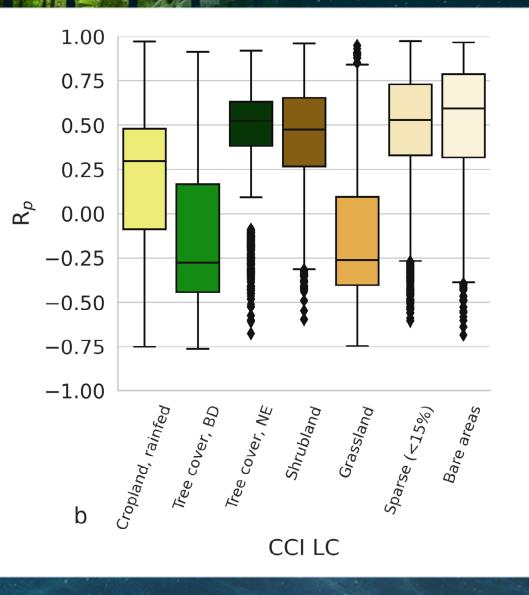
- Negative effect croplands and grasslands
- Slightly higher correlation forests





Temporal dynamics between S-1 VH and ASCAT VOD:

- Negative effect croplands and grasslands
- Slightly higher correlation forests

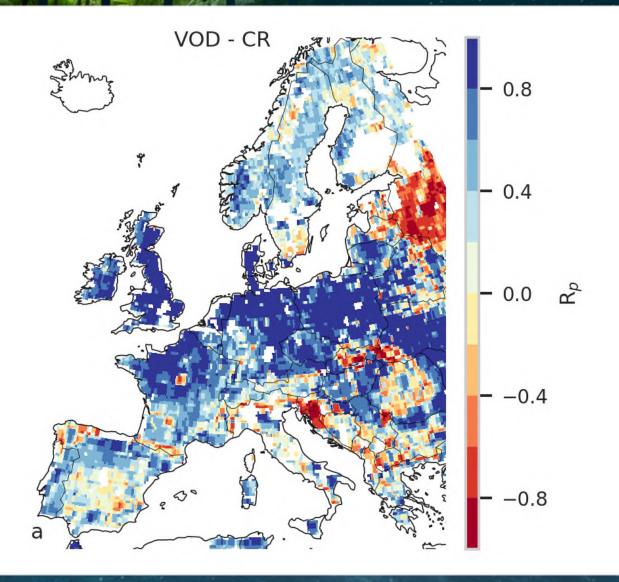


Synergies S-1CR and VODCA



Temporal dynamics between S-1 CR and VODCA:

- Same patterns as for ASCAT VOD
- Subsurface scattering in dry regions

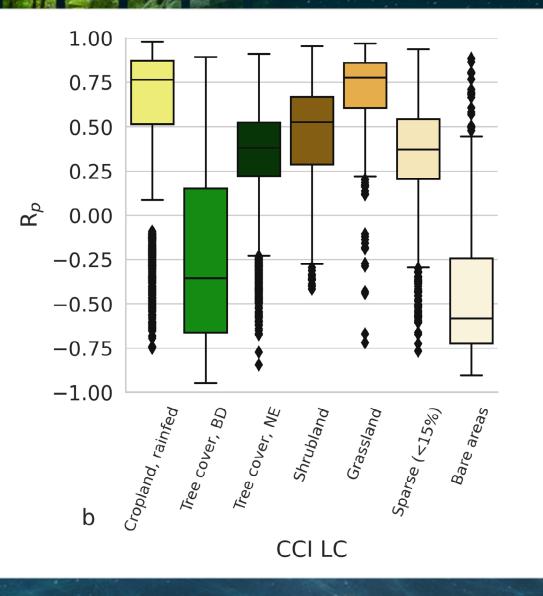


Synergies S-1CR and VODCA



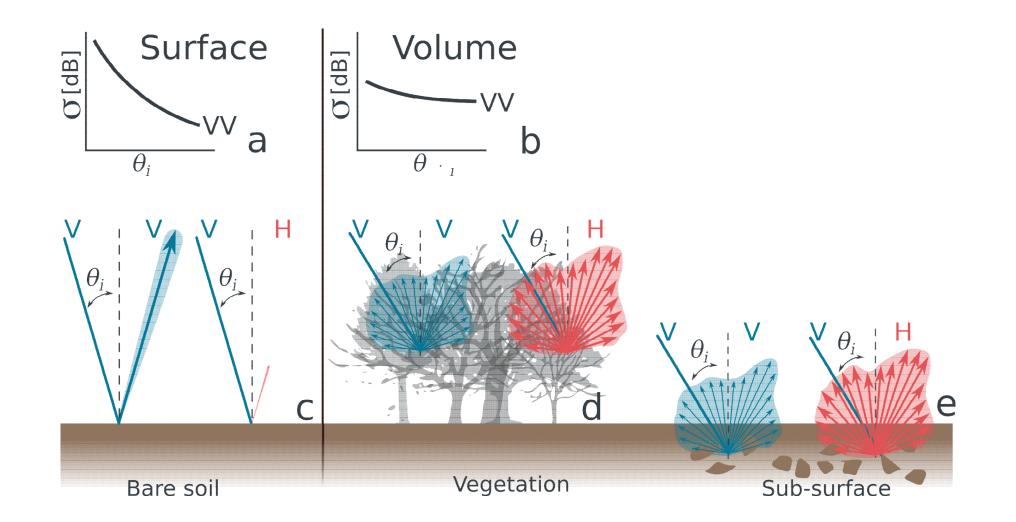
Temporal dynamics between S-1 CR and VODCA:

- Same patterns as for ASCAT VOD
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Subsurface scattering





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Conclusions



- High temporal correlation between CR and VOD over most vegetation types
 - VOD could be easily calculated over croplands and grasslands
- Forests are a challenge
 - VH performs better over forests
- Not a linear relationship when merging all land cover classes
- CR and ASCAT VOD are sensitive to subsurface scattering

2017-01 VODA 200 600 0.2 0.1 1000 1200 200 400 600 800 1000 1200





Way forward for the last year:

- Different model per land cover type or use land cover information in RF
- Analyze droughts in 2018 and 2020

