Swell/current interaction in the Agulhas current and determination of dangerous seas index

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Empirical Mode Decomposition



- Vessels want to keep a course over ground constant
- When sailing difficulties appear (Waves) the COG fluctuate and Vessel (speed through water STW slow down



STW (ms<sup>-1</sup>)



Example of one Vessel going weswart with the assiocated STW in color





Plot of the wave rays count during two years, using WW3 boundary conditions (2019-2020)



Plot of the mean fluctuation of the Course over ground during two years (2019-2020)







#### Plot of the mean HS (WW3 ) with the current forcing during two years (2019-2020



Plot of the mean fluctuation of the Course over ground during two years (2019-2020







01.1.10.1114.1116.111.011.011

1+1







07/87

- 1+1



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## Crossing swell waves



wave spectra boundary conditions from **Arpege forced MFWAM swell**: No surface current forcing !



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# Swell wave energy focussing



wave spectra boundary conditions from **Arpege forced MFWAM swell**: No surface current forcing !



### Significant wave height (Hs) model underestimation





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## Benjamin&Feir Index (Frequency spread)

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Arpege forced MFWAM sea state model estimation of BFI

BFI Wind

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#### Dangerous seas index determination



Location of dangerous seas for navigation

- Output : index of dangerous seas (green, yellow, red).
- multiplication of 3 indexes
  - cross seas index (directions difference > threshold and minimum swh > threshold)
  - wave height under-estimation by sea state model (altimeter based) if available
  - wavenumber/frequency spread (BFI).

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